



**NON-SELECTIVE  
HERBICIDE**



**INSECTICIDE**



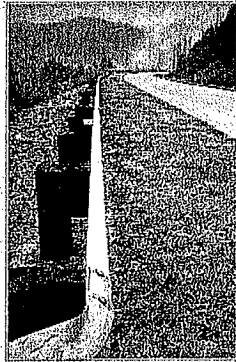
**FUNGICIDE**



**FERTILIZER**



**SELECTIVE  
HERBICIDE**



# RAZOR<sup>®</sup> PRO

Non-Selective Herbicide

*Active Ingredient:*

Glyphosate

## PROFILE

Razor Pro provides broad spectrum post-emergent weed control for industrial sites, forestry, turf, vegetation management and ornamental areas.

## ADVANTAGE

Razor Pro, a surfactant-loaded liquid 4-pound glyphosate that eliminates the need for additional surfactant, is rainfast within two hours of application.

## RAZOR PRO FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Surfactant-loaded liquid glyphosate formulation
- Rainfast within two hours of application
- Controls most annual and perennial weeds
- Very effective on woody brush and plants
- Proven performance
- Tank mix compatible with many other herbicides\*
- Extended application window

## RAZOR PRO PRIMARY USE

- Industrial sites
- Forestry
- Turf
- Vegetation management
- Habitat management
- Ornamental areas
- Similar non-crop sites

## MODE OF ACTION

The active ingredient of Razor Pro, Glyphosate, moves from the point of contact down into the plant's root system, disrupting the enzyme that controls production of amino acids essential to plant growth.

This information is for promotional purposes only. Space considerations may require information to be omitted. Always refer to actual package for complete label verbiage.

\*Compatibility test required.



**THIS ULTRA FORMULATION CONTAINS 14.0% SURFACTANT.  
ELIMINATES THE NEED FOR ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT AND IT'S  
RAINFAST WITHIN 2 HOURS OF APPLICATION.**

**THE COMPLETE BROAD SPECTRUM POSTEMERGENCE PROFESSIONAL  
HERBICIDE FOR INDUSTRIAL, FORESTRY, TURF, VEGETATION  
MANAGEMENT AND ORNAMENTAL WEED CONTROL**

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt* .....	41.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:.....	59.0%
Total .....	100.0%

\*Contains 480 grams per litre or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per litre or 3 pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
CAUTION – CAUCION**

**Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la  
explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label,  
find someone to explain it to you in detail.)**

**SEE FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

EPA REG. NO. 228-366

EPA EST. NO. 228-1L-1

**MANUFACTURED BY NUFARM AMERICAS INC.,  
BURR RIDGE, ILLINOIS 60527-0866**

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS  
CAUTION - CAUCION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**

For uses covered under the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170 - in general, only agricultural plant uses are covered by the WPS.

**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

**USERS SHOULD:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

**FIRST AID STATEMENT**

<b>IF IN EYES</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
<b>IF SWALLOWED</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
<b>IF INHALED</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

**HOT LINE NUMBER**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

**ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

**PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS**

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

**AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

**NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried to prevent transfer of this product onto desirable vegetation.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Do not apply this product using aerial spray equipment except under conditions as specified within this label.

This product, a water-soluble liquid, mixes readily with water to be applied as a foliar spray for the control or destruction of most herbaceous plants. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and through mixing with water in accordance with label instructions.

This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay visual effects of control. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of above-ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Unless otherwise specified on this label, delay application until vegetation has emerged and reached the stages described for control of such vegetation under the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow. For this reason, best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when (1) weed growth is heavy or dense, or (2) weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area.

Do not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

Rainfall or irrigation occurring within 6 hours after application may reduce effectiveness. Heavy rainfall

or irrigation within 2 hours after application may wash the chemical off the foliage and a repeat treatment may be required.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other material not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

**DOMESTIC ANIMALS:** This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Remove domestic livestock before pasture application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

### ATTENTION

**AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.**

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plant or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour or when other conditions, including lesser wind velocities, will allow spray drift to occur. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. **AVOID SPRAYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.**

**NOTE:** Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

### MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WIND OR OTHER CONDITIONS FAVOR DRIFT. HAND-GUN APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE PROPERLY DIRECTED TO AVOID SPRAYING DESIRABLE PLANTS.

**NOTE:** REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED, SUCH AS WATER FROM PONDS AND UNLINED DITCHES.

### MIXING

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product (see the "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" and "WEEDS CONTROLLED" sections of this label) near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

### TANK MIXTURES

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

1. Place a 20 to 35 mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
2. Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
3. If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
4. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
5. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
6. Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
7. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive, followed by water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near bottom of tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh. Carefully select proper nozzle to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with conventional ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Clean sprayer and parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

### ADDITIVES

#### Ammonium Sulfate

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, and this product plus 2,4-D, Dicamba™ or residual herbicide tank mixtures on annual and perennial weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Low-quality ammonium sulfate may contain material that will not readily dissolve, which could result in nozzle tip plugging. To determine quality, perform a jar test by adding 1/3 cup of ammonium sulfate to 1 gallon of water and agitate for 1 minute. If undissolved sediment is observed, predissolve the ammonium sulfate in water and filter prior to addition to the spray tank. If ammonium sulfate is added directly to the spray tank, add slowly with agitation. Adding too quickly may clog outlet line. Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

**NOTE:** When using ammonium sulfate as an additive, do not use herbicide rates lower than recommended in this label.

#### Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

**Aerial - Fixed Wing and Helicopter**

**Broadcast Spray**

**Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) - Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.**

**Hand-Held and High-Volume Spray Equipment - Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers\*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.**

\*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

**Selective equipment - Recirculating sprayers, shielded sprayers and wiper applicators.**

See the appropriate part of this section for specific instructions and rates of application.

### AERIAL EQUIPMENT

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for specific rates. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 1 quart per acre. Aerial applications of this product may be in annual cropping conventional tillage systems, fallow and reduced tillage systems and preharvest applications. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes and application rates.

FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA, REFER TO THE FEDERAL SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL FOR AERIAL APPLICATIONS IN THAT STATE FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS.

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

**AVOID DRIFT - DO NOT APPLY DURING LOW-LEVEL INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.**

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which disperse spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

**Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.**

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. **PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR ARE MOST SUSCEPTIBLE.** The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may be used to prevent corrosion.

This product plus Oust®, Dicamba or 2,4-D tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.

2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the [Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information](#).

#### Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion section of this label).

#### Controlling Droplet Size

**Volume** – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

**Pressure** – Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy protection. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

**Number of nozzles** – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

**Nozzle Orientation** – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

**Nozzle Type** – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

**Boom Length** – For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**Application** – Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion, because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun set and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

### FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF DESIRABLE CROPS, PLANTS, TREES, OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

#### Noncrop Sites

When applied as directed and under the conditions described in the "Weeds Controlled" section of the label booklet for this product, this herbicide will control or partially control the labeled weeds growing in the following industrial, recreational and public areas, or other similar sites.

**Note:** Do not apply this product within 1/2 mile upstream of an active potable water intake in flowing water (i.e., river, stream, etc.) or within 1/2 mile of an active potable water intake in a standing body of water such as a lake, pond or reservoir.

AVOID DRIFT - DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH WILL ALLOW DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops.

1. Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
4. Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which disperse spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure above the manufacturer's recommendation.

Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application – to avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 may prevent corrosion.

#### FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY

From February 15 through March 31 only. For aerial application outside of these dates, refer to the "FOR AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY" section printed above.

#### APPLICABLE AREA

This supplement only applies to the area contained inside the following boundaries within Fresno County, California only.

North: Fresno County line  
South: Fresno County line  
East: State Highway 99  
West: Fresno County line

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this herbicide. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor, and aerial applicator.

#### WRITTEN RECOMMENDATIONS

A written recommendation MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. This written recommendation MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops, and that conditions of each manufacturer's applicable product label(s) and this label have been satisfied.

#### AERIAL APPLICATOR TRAINING AND EQUIPMENT

Aerial application of this herbicide is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight, and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved "fly-ins" constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

**Application at night** – Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

To report known or suspected misuse of this product or for additional information on the proper aerial application of this product, call 1-800-852-5234.

Read the "WARRANTY" section in this label booklet before using this product.

#### BROADCAST EQUIPMENT

For control of annual or perennial weeds listed on this label using broadcast equipment - Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified on this label. See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for specific rates. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzle to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

## CONTROLLED DROPLET APPLICATION (CDA)

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment apply 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of labeled annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 MPH (1 quart per acre). For the control of labeled perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 40 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 4 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern which is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

## HAND-HELD and HIGH-VOLUME EQUIPMENT

### USE COARSE SPRAYS ONLY.

Mix this product in clean water and apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff.

For control of annual weeds listed on this label, apply a 0.5 percent solution of this product plus nonionic surfactant to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. Allow three or more days before tillage or mowing.

For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1 percent solution. For best results, use a 2 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods which result in less than complete coverage, use a 5 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 5 to 10 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

### SPRAY SOLUTION

AMOUNT OF RAZOR PRO HERBICIDE						
DESIRED VOLUME	1/2%	1%	1-1/2%	2%	5%	10%
1 Gal.	2/3 oz.	1-1/3 oz.	2 oz.	2-2/3 oz.	6-1/2 oz.	13 oz.
25 Gal.	1 pt.	1 qt.	1-1/2 qt.	2 qt.	5 qt.	10 qt.
100 Gal.	2 qt.	1 gal.	1-1/2 gal.	2 gal.	5 gal.	10 gal.

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

## SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT

This product may be applied through a recirculating spray system, a shielded applicator, or a wiper after dilution and thorough mixing with water to listed weeds growing in any noncrop site specified on this label and only when specifically recommended in cropping systems.

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

A shielded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide.

A wiper applicator applies the herbicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution.

## AVOID CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

Contact of the herbicide solution with the desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desired vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam, or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

## SHIELDED APPLICATORS

When applied as directed under conditions described for shielded applicators, this product will control those weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. Use the following equation to convert from a broadcast rate per acre to a band rate per acre.

$\frac{\text{Band width in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}}$	X	Herbicide Broadcast RATE per acre	=	Herbicide Band RATE per acre
$\frac{\text{Band width in inches}}{\text{Row width in inches}}$	X	Broadcast VOLUME of solution per acre	=	Band VOLUME of solution per acre

Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on shielded sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

## WIPER APPLICATORS

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick-Applicators - Mix 1 gallon of this product in 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33 percent solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this "WIPER APPLICATORS" section.

For Porous-Plastic Applicators - Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in porous-plastic wiper applicators.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described for "WIPER APPLICATORS", this product CONTROLS the following weeds:

### ANNUAL GRASSES

Corn <i>Zea mays</i>	Rye, common Secale cereale	Shattercane <i>Sorghum bicolor</i>
Panicum, Texas <i>Panicum texanum</i>		

### ANNUAL BROADLEAVES

Sicklepod <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i>	Spanishneedles <i>Bidens bipinnata</i>	Starbur, bristly <i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i>
--	---	--

When applied as recommended under the conditions described for "WIPER APPLICATORS", this product SUPPRESSES the following weeds:

### ANNUAL BROADLEAVES

Beggarweed, Florida <i>Desmodium tortuosum</i>	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	Velvetleaf <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Dogfennel <i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i>	Ragweed, giant <i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	
Pigweed, redroot <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	Sunflower <i>Helianthus annuus</i>	
Ragweed, common	Thistle, musk <i>Carduus nutans</i>	

### PERENNIAL GRASSES

Bermudagrass <i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Guineagrass <i>Panicum maximum</i>	Smutgrass <i>Sporobolus poiretii</i>
Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i>

### PERENNIAL BROADLEAVES

Dogbane, hemp <i>Apocynum cannabinum</i>	Nightshade, silverleaf <i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>	Thistle, Canada <i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Milkweed <i>Asclepias syriaca</i>		

## WEEDS CONTROLLED

This herbicide controls many annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds.

### ANNUAL WEEDS

- Apply to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds.
- Allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.
- For maximum agronomic benefit, apply when weeds are 6 inches or less in height.
- To prevent seed production, applications should be made prior to seedhead formation.
- This product does not provide residual control; therefore, delay application until maximum weed emergence. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds.

**LOW-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATION (LOW-RATE TECHNOLOGY)**

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will control the weeds listed below when: water carrier volumes of 3 to 10 gallons per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons per acre for aerial applications are recommended. (See the "AERIAL APPLICATION" section of this label for approved sites.)

NOTE: The addition of 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product on annual weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Refer to the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label.

Do not tank-mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified. For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

Refer to the "TANK MIXTURES" portion of this section for control of additional broadleaf weeds.

WEEDS SPECIES	MAXIMUM HEIGHT/LENGTH	RATE PER ACRE* (Fluid Ounces)
Foxtail <i>Setaria spp.</i>	12"	8 oz.
Barnyardgrass <i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	6" (0 to 4" 4 to 6")	12 oz. 16 oz.¹) 24 oz.¹)
Bluegrass, annual <i>Poa annua</i>		
Brome, downy** <i>Bromus tectorum</i>		
Mustard, blue <i>Chorispora tenella</i>		
Mustard, tansy <i>Descurainia pinnata</i>		
Mustard, tumble <i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>		
Mustard, wild <i>Sinapis arvensis</i>		
Spurry, umbrella <i>Holosteum umbellatum</i>		
Barley <i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	12"	
Rye <i>Secale cereale</i>		
Sandbur, field <i>Cenchrus spp</i>		
Henbit <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	6"	16 oz.
Horseweed/Marestail <i>Conyza canadensis</i>		
Lambsquarters, common <i>Chenopodium album</i>		
Pennycress, field <i>Fanweed Thlaspi arvense</i>		
Rocket, london <i>Sisymbrium irio</i>		
Ryegrass, Italian <i>Lolium multiflorum</i>		
Shepherdspurse <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>		
Spurge, annual <i>Euphorbia spp.</i>		
Buttercup <i>Ranunculus spp.</i>	12"	
Cocklebur <i>Xanthium strumarium</i>		
Crabgrass <i>Digitaria spp.</i>		
Dwarf dandelion <i>Krigia cespitosa</i>		
Falseflax, smallseed <i>Camelina microcarpa</i>		
Foxtail, Carolina <i>Alopecurus carolinianus</i>		
Johnsongrass, seedling <i>Sorghum halepense</i>		
Oats, wild <i>Avena fatua</i>		
Panicum, fall <i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>		
Panicum, Texas <i>Panicum texanum</i>		
Pigweed, redroot <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>		

WEEDS SPECIES	MAXIMUM HEIGHT/LENGTH	RATE PER ACRE* (Fluid Ounces)
Shattercane <i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	12"	16 oz.
Stinkgrass <i>Eragrostis ciliaris</i>		
Wheat <i>Triticum aestivum</i>	18"	
Morningglory <i>Ipomoea spp.</i>	2"	16 oz.
Sicklepod <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i>		
Bluegrass, bulbous <i>Poa bulbosa</i>	6"	
Cheat <i>Bromus secalinus</i>		
Chickweed, common <i>Stellaria media</i>		
Chickweed, mouseear <i>Cerastium vulgatum</i>		
Corn <i>Zea mays</i>		
Goatgrass, jointed <i>Aegilops cylindrica</i>		
Groundsel, common <i>Senecio vulgaris</i>		
Pigweed, smooth <i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>	12"	
Witchgrass <i>Panicum capillare</i>		
Sicklepod <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i>	3 to 4"	24 oz.
Signalgrass broadleaf <i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	4"	
Horseweed/Marestail <i>Conyza canadensis</i>	7 to 12"	
Lambsquarters, common <i>Chenopodium album</i>		
Spurge, annual <i>Euphorbia spp.</i>		
Rice, red <i>Oryza sativa</i>	4"	32 oz.
Teaweed <i>Sida spinosa</i>		
Sprangletop <i>Leptochloa spp.</i>	6"	
Geranium, Carolina <i>Geranium carolinianum</i>	12"	
Goosegrass <i>Eleusine indica</i>		
Primrose, cutleaf evening <i>Cenothera laciniata</i>		
Pusley, Florida <i>Richardia scabra</i>		
Sicklepod <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i>	5 to 12"	
Spanishneedles <i>Bidens bipinnata</i>		
Filaree <i>Erodium spp.</i>	12"	48 oz.
Sprangletop <i>Leptochloa spp.</i>		

¹ Use these rates to control barnyardgrass in Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Missouri, Louisiana and Texas for preplant treatments.

\* For those rates less than 32 fluid ounces per acre, this product at rates up to 32 fluid ounces per acre may be used where heavy weed densities exist.

\*\* For control in no-till systems, use 16 fluid ounces per acre.

**TANK MIXTURES**

Razor Pro Herbicide plus DICAMBA.

Razor Herbicide plus 2,4-D.

DO NOT APPLY DICAMBA OR 2,4-D TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

These tank mixtures are recommended for use in fallow and reduced tillage areas only. Follow use directions as given in the "LOW-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATION" section.



This product plus DICAMBA or 2,4-D will control the annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed for this product alone at the indicated heights (except 8 fluid ounces per acre applications), plus the following broadleaf weeds. For those weeds previously listed at 8 fluid ounces of this product alone per acre, use 12 fluid ounces in these tank mixtures.

NOTE: Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if Dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting. The addition of Dicamba in a mixture with this product may provide short-term residual control of selected weed species.

Apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 pound a.i. of Dicamba or 0.5 pound a.i. of 2,4-D per acre to control dense populations of the following annual broadleaf weeds when less than the height indicated:

Cocklebur (12") <i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	Lettuce, prickly (6") <i>Lactuca scariola</i>	Pigweed, redroot (12") <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>
Kochia* (6") <i>Kochia scoparia</i>	Marestail/Horseweed (6") <i>Conyza canadensis</i>	Pigweed, smooth (12") <i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>
Lambsquarters (12") <i>Chenopodium album</i>	Morningglory (6") <i>Ipomoea spp.</i>	Thistle, Russian (12") <i>Salsola kali</i>

\*Controlled with Dicamba tank mixture only.

Apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. of 2,4-D to control the following annual broadleaf weeds when less than 6 inches in height.

Ragweed, common <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	Smartweed, Pennsylvania <i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>	Velvetleaf <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Ragweed, giant <i>Ambrosia trifida</i>		

#### HIGH-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will control the weeds listed below when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications.

Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre. Use 1 quart per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre if weeds are over 6 inches tall. If weeds have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow adequate time for new growth to reach recommended stages prior to treatment. These rates will also provide control of weeds listed in the "LOW-VOLUME BROADCAST APPLICATION" section.

#### WEED SPECIES

Balsamapple* <i>Momordica charantia</i>	Kochia <i>Kochia scoparia</i>	Smartweed, Pennsylvania <i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>
Bassia, fivehook <i>Bassia hyssopifolia</i>	Lettuce, prickly <i>Lactuca scariola</i>	Sowthistle, annual <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
Brome <i>Bromus spp.</i>	Panicum <i>Panicum spp.</i>	Sunflower <i>Helianthus annuus</i>
Fiddleneck <i>Amsinckia spp.</i>	Ragweed, common <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	Thistle, Russian <i>Salsola kali</i>
Fleabane <i>Erigeron spp.</i>	Ragweed, giant <i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	Velvetleaf <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Fleabane, hairy <i>Conyza bonariensis</i>		

\*Apply with hand-help equipment only.

#### PERENNIAL WEEDS

Apply this product as follows to control or destroy most perennial weeds:

NOTE: If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product on perennial weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Refer to the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product WILL CONTROL the following PERENNIAL WEEDS:

Alfalfa <i>Medicago sativa</i>	Dandelion <i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	Orchardgrass <i>Dactylis glomerata</i>
Alligatorweed* <i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	Dock, curly <i>Rumex crispus</i>	Pampasgrass <i>Cortaderia spp.</i>
Anise (fennel) <i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Dogbane, hemp <i>Apocynum cannabinum</i>	Paragrass <i>Brachiaria mutica</i>
Artichoke, Jerusalem <i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>	Fescues <i>Festuca spp.</i>	Phragmites* <i>Phragmites spp.</i>
Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i>	Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	Poison hemlock <i>Conium maculatum</i>
Bentgrass <i>Agrostis spp.</i>	Guineagrass <i>Panicum maximum</i>	Quackgrass <i>Agropyron repens</i>
Bermudagrass <i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	Horsenettle <i>Solanum carolinense</i>	Redvine* <i>Brunnichia ovata</i>
Bermudagrass, water(knot-grass) <i>Paspalum distichum</i>	Horseradish <i>Armoracia rusticana</i>	Reed, giant <i>Arundo donax</i>
Bindweed, field <i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Ice plant <i>Mesembryanthemum crystallinum</i>	Ryegrass, perennial <i>Lolium perenne</i>
Bluegrass, Kentucky <i>Poa spp.</i>	Johnsongrass <i>Sorghum halepense</i>	Smartweed, swamp <i>Polygonum coccineum</i>
Blueweed, Texas <i>Helianthus ciliaris</i>	Kikuyugrass <i>Pennisetum clandestinum</i>	Spurge, leafy* <i>Euphorbia esula</i>
Brackenfern <i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Knapweed <i>Centaurea repens</i>	Starthistle, yellow <i>Centaurea solstitialis</i>
Bromegrass, smooth <i>Bromus inermis</i>	Lantana <i>Lantana camara</i>	Sweet potato, wild* <i>Ipomoea pandurata</i>
Bursage, woollyleaf <i>Franseria tomentosa</i>	Lespedeza <i>Lespedeza spp.</i>	Thistle, artichoke <i>Cynara cardunculus</i>
Canarygrass, reed <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	Milkweed <i>Asclepias spp.</i>	Thistle, Canada <i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Cattail <i>Typha spp.</i>	Muhly, wirestem <i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>	Timothy <i>Phleum pratense</i>
Clover, red <i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Mullein, common <i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	Torpedograss* <i>Panicum repens</i>
Clover, white <i>Trifolium repens</i>	Napiergrass <i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>	Trumpet creeper* <i>Campsis radicans</i>
Cogongrass <i>Imperata cylindrica</i>	Nightshade, silverleaf <i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>	Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i>
Dallisgrass <i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>	Nutsedge; purple, yellow <i>Cyperus rotundus</i>	Velvetgrass <i>Holcus spp.</i>
		Wheatgrass, western <i>Agropyron smithii</i>

\*Partial Control

This product is not registered in California for use on water Bermudagrass.

See "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for labeled uses and specific application instructions.

**Alfalfa** - Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make application after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment. Applications should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before soil freeze-up.

**Alligatorweed** - Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre or apply a 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment to provide partial control. Apply when most of the plants are in bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain such control.

**Anise (fennel) Poison hemlock** - Apply a 1 to 2 percent solution of this product as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be needed in succeeding years to control plants arising from seeds.

**Bentgrass** - For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only, apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Ensure entire crown area has resumed growth prior to a fall application. Bentgrass should be actively growing and have at least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10 days after application is recommended for best results. Failure to use tillage after treatment may result in unacceptable control.

**Bermudagrass** - For control, apply 5 quarts of this product per acre. For partial control, apply 3 quarts per acre. Treat when Bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present. Retreatment may be necessary to maintain control. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)** - Apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water Bermudagrass is actively growing and 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

**Fall applications only** - Apply 1 quart of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water Bermudagrass that is actively growing and 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tillage.

**Bindweed, field** - For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts east of the Mississippi River. Apply when the weeds are actively growing and are at or beyond full bloom. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Also for control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. of Dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. At these rates, apply using ground application only.

The following tank mixtures with 2,4-D may be applied using aerial application equipment (except in California) in fallow and reduced tillage systems only.

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 1 pound a.i. of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

**Bluegrass, Kentucky/Bromegrass, smooth/Orchardgrass** - Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the grasses are actively growing and most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Orchardgrass (sods going to no-till corn)** - Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring applications and 6 inches tall for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

**Blueweed, Texas** - Apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River. Apply when weed is actively growing and is at or beyond full bloom. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Brackenfern** - Apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to fully expanded fronds which are at least 18 inches long.

**Bursage, woollyleaf** - For control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 1 pint of Dicamba per acre. For partial control, apply 1 quart of this product plus 1 pint of Dicamba per acre. Apply in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are at or beyond flowering.

**Canarygrass, reed/Timothy/Wheatgrass, western** - Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. For best results, apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Cogongrass** - Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply when Cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall and actively growing in late summer or fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage or mowing. Due to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of vegetation preventing good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control.

**Dandelion/Dock, curly** - Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

**Dogbane, hemp** - Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and when most weeds have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred.

**Fescue, tall** - Apply 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to actively growing plants when most have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development.

Fall applications only - Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to fescue in the fall when actively growing and plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. A sequential application of 1 pint per acre of this product will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after fall treatments or the following spring.

**Guineagrass** - Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre or use a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing guineagrass when most has reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Johnsongrass/Ryegrass, perennial** - Apply 1 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In non-crop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not performed, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For best results, apply to actively growing plants when most have

reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart per acre rate.

For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 1 pint per acre in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.

Spot treatment (partial control or suppression) - Apply a 1 percent solution of this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete.

**Kikuyugrass** - Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3 or 4-leaf stage of growth) and actively growing. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

**Knapweed/Horseradish** - Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and when most weeds have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Lantana** - Apply this product as a 1 to 1.25 percent solution using hand-held equipment only. Apply to actively growing lantana at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Milkweed, common** - Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and most of the milkweed has reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following small grain harvest or mowing, allow milkweed to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Muhly, wirestem** - Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Use 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod, or noncrop areas. Spray when the wirestem muhly is 8 inches or more in height and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. This product will not provide residual control of wirestem muhly from seeds which germinate after application of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart per acre rate.

**Nightshade, silverleaf** - For control, apply 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

**Nutsedge; purple, yellow** - Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, or apply a 1 to 2 percent solution from hand-held equipment to control existing nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets which have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for longterm control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications of 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3 to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3 to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For suppression to partial control of existing plants, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product per acre in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants. Wait 7 days after treatment before tillage or mowing.

**Pampasgrass/Ice plant** - Apply this product as a 1.5 to 2 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Apply to plants that are actively growing. Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

**Phragmites** - For partial control of phragmites in Florida and the counties of other states bordering the Gulf of Mexico, apply 5 quarts per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 2 percent solution from hand-held equipment. In other areas of the U.S., apply 3 quarts per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 1 percent solution from hand-held equipment for partial control. For best results, treat during late summer or fall months or when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.

**Quackgrass** - In Annual Cropping Systems, or in Pastures and Sods Followed by Deep Tillage: Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. For the 1 quart rate, apply in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For the 2 quart rate, apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, for best results use a moldboard plow.

**Quackgrass - Pasture or Sod or Other Noncrop Areas Where Deep Tillage is Not Planned Following Application:** Apply 2 to 3 quarts in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Spray when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and fall application or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

**Redvine** - For suppression, apply 24 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 2 quarts per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to actively growing plants, which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

**Reed, giant** - For control of giant reed, apply a 2 percent solution of this product when plants are actively growing. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer to fall.

**Smartweed, swamp** - Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.



Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound active ingredient of 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. Apply when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Spurge, leafy** - For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound active ingredient 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. Apply when plants are actively growing. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Starthistle, yellow** - Best results are obtained when applications are made during periods of active growth, including the rosette, bolting and early flower stages. For spray-to-wet applications, apply this product as a 2 percent solution. For broadcast applications, apply 2 quarts per acre in 10 to 40 gallons per acre of water carrier.

**Sweet Potato, wild/Thistle, artichoke** - Apply this product as a 2 percent solution using hand-held equipment. Apply to actively growing weeds that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be required. Allow the plant to reach the recommended stage of growth before retreatment. Allow 7 or more days before tillage.

**Thistle, Canada** - Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. Apply to actively growing thistles when most are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

For suppression of Canada thistle, apply 1 quart or 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall after harvest, mowing or tillage. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

**Torpedograss** - Apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre to provide partial control of torpedograss. Apply to actively growing torpedograss when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat application will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

**Trumpetreeper** - For control, apply 2 quarts of this product per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants in late September or October, which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.

**Other perennials listed on this label** - Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and most have reached early head or early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

### WOODY BRUSH AND TREES

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product CONTROLS or PARTIALLY CONTROLS the following woody brush, plants and trees:

Application Rates:

Method of Application	Spray Volume Application Rate	(gal/acre)
<b>Broadcast</b>		
Aerial	2 to 10 qt/acre	5 to 30
Ground	2 to 10 qt/acre	10 to 60
<b>Spray-to-Wet</b>		
Handgun, Backpack	1 to 2%	spray-to-wet
Mistblower	by volume	
<b>Low Volume Directed Spray††</b>		
Handgun	5% to 10%	partial
Backpack	by volume	coverage

†† For low volume directed spray applications, coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. For best results, coverage of the top one-half of the plant is important.

**Alder**  
*Alnus spp.*  
**Ash**  
*Fraxinus spp.*  
**Aspen, quaking**  
*Populus tremuloides*  
**Bearmat (Bearclover)**  
*Chamaebatia foliolosa*  
**Beech**  
*Fagus grandifolia*  
**Birch**  
*Betula spp.*  
**Blackberry**  
*Rubus spp.*  
**Blackgum**  
*Nyssa spp.*  
**Bracken**  
*Pteridium spp.*

**Broom:**  
**French**  
*Cytisus monspessulanus*  
**Scotch**  
*Cytisus scoparius*  
**Buckwheat, California\***  
*Eriogonum fasciculatum*  
**Cascara\***  
*Rhamnus purshiana*  
**Catsclaw\***  
*Acacia greggii*  
**Ceanothus\***  
*Ceanothus spp.*  
**Chamise**  
*Adenostoma fasciculatum*  
**Cherry:**  
**Bitter**  
*Prunus emarginata*

**Cherry, continued:**  
**Black**  
*Prunus serotina*  
**Pin**  
*Prunus pensylvanica*  
**Coyote brush**  
*Baccharis consanguinea*  
**Creepers, Virginia\***  
*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*  
**Dewberry**  
*Rubus trivialis*  
**Dogwood\***  
*Cornus spp.*  
**Elderberry**  
*Sambucus spp.*  
**Elm\***  
*Ulmus spp.*  
**Eucalyptus**  
*Eucalyptus spp.*  
**Gorse**  
*Ulex europaeus*  
**Hasardia\***  
*Haplopappus squamosus*  
**Hawthorn**  
*Crataegus spp.*  
**Hazel**  
*Corylus spp.*  
**Hickory\***  
*Carya spp.*  
**Holly, Florida/Brazilian**  
**Peppertree\***  
*Schinus terebinthifolius*  
**Honeysuckle**  
*Lonicera spp.*  
**Hornbeam, American\***  
*Carpinus caroliniana*  
**Kudzu**  
*Pueraria lobata*  
**Locust, black\***  
*Robinia pseudoacacia*  
**Madrone**  
*Arbutus menziesii*  
**Manzanita**  
*Arctostaphylos spp.*  
**Maple:**  
**Red\*\***  
*Acer rubrum*  
**Sugar**  
*Acer saccharum*  
**Vine**  
*Acer circinatum*  
**Monkey Flower\***  
*Mimulus guttatus*  
**Oak:**  
**Black\***  
*Quercus velutina*  
**Northern Pin**  
*Quercus palustris*  
**Post**  
*Quercus stellata*  
**Red**  
*Quercus rubra*

**Oak, continued:**  
**Southern Red**  
*Quercus falcata*  
**White\***  
*Quercus alba*  
**Persimmon\***  
*Diospyros spp.*  
**Pine**  
*Pinus spp.*  
**Poison Ivy**  
*Rhus radicans*  
**Poison Oak**  
*Rhus toxicodendron*  
**Poplar, yellow\***  
*Liriodendron tulipifera*  
**Raspberry**  
*Rubus spp.*  
**Redbud, eastern**  
*cercis canadensis*  
**Rose, multiflora**  
*Rosa multiflora*  
**Russian-olive\*\*\***  
*Elaeagnus angustifolia*  
**Sage; black, white**  
*Salvia spp.*  
**Sagebrush, California**  
*Artemisia californica*  
**Salmonberry**  
*Rubus spectabilis*  
**Salt cedar**  
*Tamarix spp.*  
**Sassafras**  
*Sassafras albidum*  
**Sourwood**  
*Oxydendrum arboreum*  
**Sumac**  
**Poison\***  
*Rhus vernix*  
**Smooth\***  
*Rhus glabra*  
**Winged\***  
*Rhus copallina*  
**Sweetgum**  
*Liquidambar styraciflua*  
**Swordfern\***  
*Polystichum munitum*  
**Tallowtree, Chinese**  
*Sapium sebiferum*  
**Tan Oak**  
*Lithocarpus densiflorus*  
**Thimbleberry**  
*Rubus parviflorus*  
**Tobacco, tree\***  
*Nicotiana glauca*  
**Trumpetreeper**  
*Campsis radicans*  
**Waxmyrtle, southern\***  
*Myrica cerifera*  
**Willow**  
*Salix spp.*

\* Partial control

\*\* See below for control or partial control instructions.

\*\*\* This product is not registered in California for use on Russian-olive.

**NOTE:** If brush has been mowed or tilled or trees have been cut, do not treat until regrowth has reached the recommended stages of growth.

Apply this product when plants are actively growing and, unless otherwise directed, after full leaf expansion. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth.

On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when application is made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

See "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for labeled uses and specific application instructions.

Apply this product as follows to control or partially control the following woody brush and trees.

**Alder/Dewberry/Honeysuckle/Post Oak/Raspberry** - For control, apply 3 to 4 quarts per acre of this product as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Aspen, quaking/Cherry: bitter, black, pin/Hawthorn/Oak, southern red/Sweetgum /Trumpet creeper** - For control, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Birch/Elderberry/Hazel/Salmonberry/Thimbleberry** - For control, apply 2 quarts per acre of this product as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Blackberry** - For control, apply 3 to 4 quarts per acre of this product as a broadcast spray, or 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Make application after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a 3/4 percent solution of this product plus 0.5 to 1 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume with hand-held equipment. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

**Broom: French, Scotch** - For control, apply a 1.5 to 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Buckwheat, California/Hasardia/Monkey Flower/Tobacco, tree** - For partial control of these species, apply a 1 to 2 percent solution of this product as a foliar spray with hand-held equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

**Catsclaw** - For partial control, apply as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Coyote Brush** - For control, apply a 1.5 to 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

**Eucalyptus** - For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply a 2 percent solution of this product with hand-held equipment when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Apply when plants are growing actively. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.

**Kudzu** - For control, apply 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

**Madrone resprouts** - For suppression or partial control, apply a 2 percent solution of this product to resprouts less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with spring/early summer treatments.

**Maple, red** - For control, apply as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed. For partial control, apply 2 to 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray.

**Maple, sugar/Oak, northern pin/Oak, red** - For control, apply as a 1 to 1.5 percent solution with hand-held equipment when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.

**Poison Ivy/Poison Oak** - For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Repeat applications may be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before leaves lose green color.

**Rose, multiflora** - For control, apply 2 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment. Treatments should be made prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-feeding insects.

**Sage, black/Sagebrush, California/Chamise/Tallowtree, Chinese** - For control of these species, apply a 1 percent solution of this product as a foliar spray with hand-held equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

**Tan oak resprouts** - For suppression or partial control, apply a 2 percent solution of this product to resprouts less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with fall applications.

**Willow** - For control, apply 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 percent solution with hand-held equipment.

**Other Woody Brush and Trees listed on this label** - For partial control, apply 2 to 5 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 2 percent solution with hand-held equipment. For difficult to control perennial weeds and woody brush and trees, where plants are growing under stressed conditions or where infestations are dense, Razor Pro may be used at 5 to 10 quarts per acre for enhanced results. The annual maximum use rate for Razor Pro is 10.6 quarts per acre per year.

## NONCROP USES

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for essential product performance information and the following "NONCROP" sections for specific recommended uses.

**EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE TURFGRASSES, TREES, SHRUBS OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.**

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seeds.

Do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year.

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program.

Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

## INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL AND PUBLIC AREAS

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed on this label growing in areas such as airports, ditch banks, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, golf courses, highways, industrial plant sites, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, office complexes, parking areas, parks, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, pipelines, power and telephone rights-of-way, railroads, roadsides, schools, storage areas, utility substations, warehouse areas, other public areas and similar industrial or non-crop areas.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds and woody brush and trees, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

This product may be applied with recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, or wiper applicators in any noncrop site specified on this label. See the Selective Equipment part of "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT and TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

### Chemical mowing - Perennials

This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass or quackgrass covers. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

### Chemical mowing - Annuals

For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 4 to 5 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments may cause injury to the desired grasses.

## RAILROADS

### Bare ground, Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, and Spot treatment

This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way, wayside structures, and other similar areas. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. This product may be tank mixed with the following products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground crossing treatments and other similar areas:

ARSENAL®	GARLON™ 4	SAHARA®
DICAMBA	HYVAR® X	SPIKE™
DIURON	KROVAR® I DF	TELAR®
ESCORT®	OUST®	VANQUISH®
GARLON™ 3A		2,4-D

### Brush control

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 4 to 10 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boom-less nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solutions per acre may be used. Apply a 3/4 to 2 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applications. Apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following products for enhanced control of woody brush and trees:

ARSENAL®	GARLON™ 3A	GARLON™ 4
ESCORT®		TORDON™ K

### Bermudagrass release

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing Bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solutions per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall	Trumpet creeper
Bluestem, silver	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 3 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass	Dewberry	Poorjoe
Blackberry	Dock, Curly	Raspberry
Bluestem, silver	Dog Fennel	Trumpet creeper
Broomsedge	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass
Dallisgrass	Johnsongrass	Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

## ROADSIDES

### Shoulder treatments

This product may be used on road shoulders. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar equipment.

### Guardrails and other obstacles to mowing

This product may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the roadside.

### Spot treatment

This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

### Tank mixtures

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:

DICAMBA	OUST®	SAHARA®
DIURON	PENDULUM® 3.3 EC	SIMAZINE
ENDURANCE®	PENDULUM® WDG	SURFLAN®
ESCORT®	PRINCEP® DF	TELAR®
KROVAR® I DF	PRINCEP® LIQUID	VANQUISH®
IMAZAPYR	RONSTAR® 50 WP	2,4-D

See the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section of this label for general instructions for tank mixing.

### Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

#### Dormant applications

This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank-mixed with Oust for residual control. Tank mixtures of this product with Oust may delay greenup.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is at or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with 1/4 to 1 ounce per acre of Oust. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, add no more than 1 ounce of Oust per acre on bermudagrass and no more than 0.5 ounce of Oust per acre on bahiagrass and avoid treatments when these grasses are in semi-dormant condition.

#### Actively growing bermudagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall	Trumpet creeper
Bluestem, silver	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass	Dock, curly	Poorjoe
Bluestem, silver	Dogfennel	Trumpet creeper
Broomsedge	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass
Dallisgrass	Johnsongrass	Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

#### Actively growing bahiagrass

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full greenup or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by and application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

## TANK MIXTURES FOR INDUSTRIAL SITES AND FORESTRY SITE PREPARATIONS

**Razor Pro Herbicide plus OUST®** - Use on industrial sites including airports, industrial plants, lumber yards, petroleum tank farms, pumping stations, railroads, roadsides, storage areas or other similar sites where bare ground is desired.

This tank mixture may also be used as a site preparation treatment for sites to be planted to jack pine, loblolly pine, red pine, slash pine and Virginia pine. When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product plus Oust provides control of annual weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the label for this product and Oust, and control or partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.

Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray to actively growing weeds.

This mixture may be applied by aerial equipment in site prep operations. When applied by air, use the recommended rates in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

For control of annual weeds, use the lower rates of these products.

For control of the listed perennial weeds, use the higher rates of both products. For partial control, use the lower rates.

Bahiagrass	Johnsongrass**
<i>Paspalum notatum</i>	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Bermudagrass*	Poorjoe**
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	<i>Diodia teres</i>
Broomsedge	Quackgrass
<i>Andropogon virginicus</i>	<i>Agropyron repens</i>
Dock, curly	Trumpet creeper*
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
Dogfennel	Vaseygrass
<i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i>	<i>Paspalum urvillei</i>
Fescue, tall	Vervain, blue
<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	<i>Verbena hastata</i>

\*Suppression at the higher rates only.

\*\*Control at the lower rates.

Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

## TANK MIXTURES NONCROP SITES

When applied as a tank mixture, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and partial control of the emerged perennial weeds listed in this label. When applied as a tank mixture, the following residual herbicides will provide preemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

Riverdale Razor Pro plus DIURON®	PRINCEP® CALIBER* 90®
Riverdale Razor Pro plus KROVAR®* I	Riverdale Razor Pro plus SIMAZINE 4L
Riverdale Razor Pro plus KROVAR® II	Riverdale Razor Pro plus SIMAZINE 80W
Riverdale Razor Pro plus RONSTAR®* 50WP	Riverdale Razor Pro plus SURFLAN®* 75W
Riverdale Razor Pro plus SIMAZINE	Riverdale Razor Pro plus SURFLAN® AS

When tank mixing with residual herbicides, see the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label before preparing these tank mixtures. Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, recommended use rates and all other information on the labels of all products used in these tank mixtures. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

## CONTROL OF EMERGED WEEDS

Note: For backpack sprayer and handgun applications, see the "HAND-HELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section for recommended rates.

**Annual Weeds** - Apply 1 quart per acre of this product in these tank mixtures when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre when weeds are more than 6 inches tall.

**Perennial Weeds** - For partial control of perennial weeds using these tank mixtures, apply 2 to 5 quarts per acre of this product. Follow the recommendations in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for stage of growth and rate of application for specific perennial weeds.

## PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL

For preemergence weed control, refer to the individual product labels for specific noncrop sites, rates, carrier volumes and precautionary statements.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution which can be used during the same day. Do not allow these tank mixtures to stand overnight as this may result in reduced weed control.

## FARMSTEAD WEED CONTROL

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label around farmstead building foundations, along and in fences, shelterbelts and for general nonselective farmstead weed control.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

## FARM DITCHES

This product will suppress perennial grasses along farm ditches. Apply this product at a rate of 6 to 8 fluid ounces per acre. Use 8 fluid ounces per acre when treating tall (coarse) fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass or quackgrass covers. For best suppression of these species, add ammonium sulfate at a rate of 1.7 pounds per 10 gallons of spray solution. Use 6 fluid ounces per acre without ammonium sulfate when treating Kentucky bluegrass.

Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre to actively growing perennial grass covers. For best spray distribution and coverage, use flat fan nozzles.

Where broadleaf weed control or suppression is desired, tank mix this product with an appropriate, labeled broadleaf weed herbicide.

### CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP ACRES)

This product can be used to control undesirable vegetation when rotating out of CRP acres or to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres.

For specific rates of application for various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

CRP applications may be made with wiper applicators or conventional spray equipment.

For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 ounces per acre of this product in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy. Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if applications are made when plants are not dormant.

### DORMANT RANGELAND

This product will control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheat grass, cereal rye, medusahead rye and jointed goatgrass in dormant rangeland.

Apply 8 to 16 ounces per acre of this product in the early spring when the weeds have greened up, but desirable grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass are still truly dormant.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Do not use additional surfactant or ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant rangeland grasses with Riverdale Razor Pro.

### HABITAT MANAGEMENT

This product is recommended for the restoration and/or maintenance of native habitats and in wildlife management areas. Apply as recommended in the "NONCROP USES" section of this label.

**Habitat Restoration and Maintenance** - When applied as directed, exotic and other undesirable vegetation may be controlled in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. For spot treatments, care should be exercised to keep spray off of desirable plants.

**Wildlife Food Plots** - This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after applying this product before tilling.

### ORNAMENTALS, NURSERIES (PLANTS AND TREES) AND CHRISTMAS TREES

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES.

**Note:** Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.

When applied as instructed for the conditions described for "NONCROP USES", this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label prior to planting, within and around greenhouses and shade-houses, and as a postdirected spray around established ornamentals and Christmas trees. This product may also be used to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks, roads, potted plants and other objects in a nursery setting.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year.

**Site Preparation** - Following preplant applications of this product, any ornamental, nursery species or Christmas tree species may be planted. Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

**Greenhouse/Shadehouse Use** - This product may be used to control weeds listed on this label which are growing in greenhouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off.

**Postdirected Spray** - Use as a postdirected spray around established woody ornamental species, nursery species or Christmas trees such as those listed below. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established ornamental species.

Arborvitae	Fir	Maple
<i>Thuja spp.</i>	<i>Abies spp.</i>	<i>Acer spp.</i>
Azalea	<i>Pseudotsuga spp.</i>	Oak
<i>Rhododendron spp.</i>	Hollies	<i>Quercus spp.</i>
Boxwood	<i>Ilex spp.</i>	Pine
<i>Buxus spp.</i>	Johoba	<i>Pinus spp.</i>
Crabapple	<i>Simmondsia chinensis</i>	Privet
<i>Malus spp.</i>	Lilac	<i>Ligustrum spp.</i>
Euonymus	<i>Syringa spp.</i>	Spruce
<i>Euonymus spp.</i>	Magnolia	<i>Picea spp.</i>
	<i>Magnolia spp.</i>	Yew
		<i>Taxus spp.</i>

### SILVICULTURAL SITES and RIGHTS-OF-WAY

**NOTE:** NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN SILVICULTURAL NURSERIES

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under conditions described, this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label. This product also suppresses or controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label when applied at recommended rates for release of established coniferous species listed on this label.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various brush, annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. For specific rates of application for release of listed coniferous species, see the "CONIFER RELEASE" part of this section of the label.

Do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year.

**Aerial Application** - This product may be applied using aerial spray equipment for silvicultural site preparation, conifer release and rights-of-way treatments. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT and TECHNIQUES" part of the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label for information on how to apply this product by air.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT BY AIR TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY SITES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

### SITE PREPARATION

Following preplant applications of this product, any silvicultural species may be planted.

### POSTDIRECTED SPRAY

In established silvicultural sites, use as a spray on the foliage of undesirable vegetation. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable species.

### CONIFER RELEASE

For release, apply at the end of the first growing season, except in California. Vegetation should not be disturbed prior to treatment or until visual symptoms appear after treatment. Symptoms of treatment are slow to appear, especially in woody species treated in late fall. Injury may occur to conifers treated for release, especially where spray patterns overlap or the higher rates are applied or when applications are made during periods of active conifer growth. Do not use additional surfactant with conifer release applications.

Applications must be made after formation of final conifer resting buds in the fall or prior to initial bud swelling in spring. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Use the following rates for conifer release to control or partially control the weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

For release of the following conifer species:

Douglas fir	Hemlock	Spruce
<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	<i>Tsuga spp.</i>	<i>Picea spp.</i>
Fir	Pines*	
<i>Abies spp.</i>	<i>Pinus spp.</i>	

\*Includes all species except eastern white pine, loblolly pine or slash pine.

Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product per acre except in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains. For spring treatments west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 quart of this product per acre before conifer bud swell for control of annual weeds. For fall treatments in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre before any major leaf drop of deciduous species.

For release of western hemlock, apply 1 quart of this product per acre.

For release of the following conifer species:

Loblolly pine	Eastern white pine	Slash pine
<i>Pinus Taeda</i>	<i>Pinus strobus</i>	<i>Pinus elliotii</i>

**Late Season Application** - Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre during early autumn. Applications made prior to September 1 or when conditions are conducive to rapid growth of conifers will create the potential for increased injury in the form of tip and/or needle burn. Injury may decrease with later applications. Some autumn colors are acceptable at time of application. Apply prior to frost or leaf drop of undesirable plants. Applications made according to label directions will release loblolly pine, eastern white pine and slash pine by reducing competition from the following species:

Ash	Oak:	Sourwood
<i>Fraxinus spp.</i>	Black	<i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i>
Cherry:	<i>Quercus velutina</i>	Sumac:
Black	Post	Poison
<i>Prunus serotina</i>	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	Rhus vernix
Pin	Southern Red	Smooth
<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	<i>Quercus falcata</i>	<i>Rhus glabra</i>
Elm	White	Winged
<i>Ulmus spp.</i>	<i>Quercus alba</i>	<i>Rhus copallina</i>
Hawthorn	Persimmon	Sweetgum
<i>Crataegus spp.</i>	<i>Diospyros spp.</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
Locust, black	Poplar, yellow	
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>	
Maple, red	Sassafras	
<i>Acer rubra</i>	<i>Sassafras albidum</i>	

Apply only to those sites where woody brush and trees listed in this level constitute the majority of the undesirable species.

## RIVERDALE RAZOR PRO PLUS OUST TANK MIXTURES FOR CONIFER RELEASE FROM HERBACEOUS WEEDS

To release loblolly pines from herbaceous weeds, tank mixtures of this product with Oust will provide control of annual weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this and the Oust label, and partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.

Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces of this product with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Make application to actively growing weeds as a broadcast spray over the top of the young loblolly pines.

This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

This tank mixture may be applied using aerial equipment. When applying by air, use the recommended rate in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

For control of annual weeds below 12 inches in height (or runner length on annual vines), use the lower rates of both products. Use the higher rates of both products when annual weeds are in more advanced stages of growth and approaching flower or seed formation.

Use the higher rates of both products for partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass
<i>Paspalum notatum</i>	<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	<i>Paspalum urvillei</i>
Broomsedge	Johnsongrass*	Vervain, blue
<i>Andropogon virginicus</i>	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	<i>Verbena hastata</i>
Dock, curly	Poorjoe*	
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	<i>Diodia teres</i>	
Dogfennel	Trumpet creeper**	
<i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i>	<i>Campsis radicans</i>	

\* Control at the higher rates.

\*\* Suppression at the higher rates only.

Pine damage may occur or can be accentuated if treatment takes place when young trees are under stress from drought, flood water, insects or disease.

Read and observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

### NOTE TO USER

This product must not be used in areas where adverse impact on federally designated endangered/threatened plant or aquatic species is likely.

Prior to making applications, the user of this product must determine that no such species are located in or immediately adjacent to the area to be treated.

### CUT STUMP TREATMENTS

Woody vegetation may be controlled by treating freshly cut stumps of trees and resprouts with this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut vegetation close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

When used according to directions for cut stump application, this product will CONTROL, PARTIALLY CONTROL or SUPPRESS many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below:

Alder	Oak	Sweetgum
<i>Alnus spp.</i>	<i>Quercus spp.</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
Eucalyptus	Reed, giant	Tan Oak
<i>Eucalyptus spp.</i>	<i>Arundo donax</i>	<i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i>
Madrone	Saltcedar	Willow
<i>Arbutus menziesii</i>	<i>Tamarisk spp.</i>	<i>Salix spp.</i>

### INJECTION AND FRILL APPLICATIONS

Woody vegetation may be controlled by injection or frill application of this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment which must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1 ml of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this material either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frill or cut areas in species that exude sap freely after frills or cutting. In species such as this, make frill or cut at an oblique angle so as to produce a cupping effect and use undiluted material. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion.

This treatment WILL CONTROL the following woody species:

Oak	Sweetgum	Sycamore
<i>Quercus spp.</i>	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>
Poplar		
<i>Populus spp.</i>		

This treatment WILL SUPPRESS the following woody species:

Black gum	Hickory	Maple, red
<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	<i>Carya spp.</i>	<i>Acer rubrum</i>
Dogwood		
<i>Cornus spp.</i>		

### TURFGRASSES AND GRASSES FOR SEED PRODUCTION

#### PREPLANT AND RENOVATION

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls most existing vegetation prior to the planting or renovation of either turfgrasses or grass seed production areas.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, and woody brush and trees, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

DO NOT DISTURB SOIL OR UNDERGROUND PLANT PARTS BEFORE TREATMENT. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.

#### TURFGRASSES

Where existing vegetation is growing in a field or unmowed situation, apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management in such sites as apartment complexes, residential areas and sod farms, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.

#### GRASSES FOR SEED PRODUCTION

Apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth recommended in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label prior to planting or renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production.

DO NOT feed or graze treated areas within 8 weeks after application.

#### ANNUAL WEED CONTROL IN DORMANT BERMUDAGRASS AND BAHIAGRASS TURF

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product will provide control or suppression of many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf. Refer to the rate table for Riverdale Razor Pro alone under the "RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS and BAHIAGRASS" section of this label for recommended rates and volumes on the species to be suppressed or controlled. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. Spot treatments or broadcast applications of this product in excess of 16 fluid ounces per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained turfgrass areas; i.e., golf courses, lawns, etc. DO NOT APPLY TANK MIXTURES of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas.

#### RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHIAGRASS

NOTE: Use only in areas where bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. Use tank mixtures of this product plus Oust only on railroads, highways, utility plant sites, or other right-of-way areas.

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product will provide control or suppression of many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. This product may be tank-mixed with Oust as recommended for residual control. Make applications to dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Tank mixtures of this product plus Oust may delay greenup. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, do not add more than 1 ounce per acre of Oust on bermudagrass or more than 0.5 ounce per acre on bahiagrass, or treat when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is in or beyond the 4 to 6-leaf stage.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

Rate recommendations for control or suppression of winter annuals and tall fescue are listed below:

Apply the recommended rates of this product alone or as a tank mixture in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre.

For the best recommendation for the mixture of weeds within your geographic area, contact your Nutarm sales representative.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED WITH RIVERDALE RAZOR PRO ALONE\***

NOTE: C = Control S = Suppression

WEED SPECIES	RIVERDALE RAZOR PRO FLUID OZ/ACRE					
	8	12	16	24	32	64
Barley, little <i>Hordeum pusillum</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C
Bedstraw, catchweed <i>Galium aparine</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C
Bluegrass, annual <i>Poa annua</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C
Chervil <i>Chaerophyllum tainturieri</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C
Chickweed, common <i>Stellaria media</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C
Clover, crimson <i>Trifolium incarnatum</i>	•	S	S	C	C	C
Clover, large hop <i>Trifolium campestre</i>	•	S	S	C	C	C
Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinaceae</i>	•	•	•	•	S	S
Geranium, Carolina <i>Geranium carolinianum</i>	•	•	S	S	C	C
Henbit <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	•	S	C	C	C	C
Ryegrass Italian <i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	•	•	S	C	C	C
Speedwell, corn <i>Veronica arvensis</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C
Vetch, common <i>Vicia sativa</i>	•	•	S	C	C	C

\*These rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED WITH RIVERDALE RAZOR PRO PLUS OUST\***

NOTE: C = Control S = Suppression

WEED SPECIES	Riverdale Razor Pro (FL. OZ./ACRE)	Riverdale Razor Pro + OUST						
	OUST® (OZ./ACRE)	8	12	12	16	16	12	16
Barley, little <i>Hordeum pusillum</i>	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Bedstraw, catchweed <i>Galium aparine</i>	1/4	1/4	2	1/4	2	1	1	1
Bluegrass, annual <i>Poa annua</i>	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Chervil <i>Chaerophyllum tainturieri</i>	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Chickweed, common <i>Stellaria media</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Clover, crimson <i>Trifolium incarnatum</i>	S	S	S	S	C	C	C	C
Clover, large hop <i>Trifolium campestre</i>	•	•	S	S	C	C	C	C
Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinaceae</i>	•	•	•	•	•	S	S	S
Geranium, Carolina <i>Geranium carolinianum</i>	•	S	S	C	C	C	C	C
Henbit <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	•	S	C	C	C	C	C	C
Ryegrass, Italian <i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	•	S	S	C	C	C	C	C
Speedwell, corn <i>Veronica arvensis</i>	S	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Vetch, common <i>Vicia sativa</i>	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	C

\*These rates or mixtures of rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

**RELEASE OF ACTIVELY GROWING BERMUDAGRASS**

When applied as directed, this product will aid in the release of bermudagrass by providing control of annual species listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this and the Oust label, and suppression or partial control of certain perennial weeds.

For control or suppression of those annual species listed on this label, use 1 to 3 pints of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 25 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or length of runner in annual vines). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation.

Use the higher rate of this product for partial control of the following perennial species. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth. For best results, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for proper stage of growth.

Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i>	Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	Trumpet creeper** <i>Campsis radicans</i>
Bluestem, silver <i>Andropogon saccharoides</i>	Johnsongrass* <i>Sorghum halepense</i>	Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i>

\*Control at the higher rates.

\*\*Suppression at higher rates only.

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints per acre of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre.

Use the lower rates of both mixtures to control annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length in annual vines) that are listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this booklet and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages.

Use the higher rates of this product to provide partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

Bahiagrass <i>Paspalum notatum</i>	Dogfennel <i>Eupatorium capilliflorum</i>	Trumpet creeper** <i>Campsis radicans</i>
Bluestem, silver <i>Andropogon saccharoides</i>	Fescue, tall <i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	Vaseygrass <i>Paspalum urvillei</i>
Broomsedge <i>Andropogon virginicus</i>	Johnsongrass* <i>Sorghum halepense</i>	Vervain, blue <i>Verbena hastata</i>
Dock, curly <i>Rumex crispus</i>	Poorjoe** <i>Diodia teres</i>	

\*Suppression at higher rates only.

\*\*Control at the higher rates.

**COOL SEASON TURF GROWTH REGULATION**

When applied as directed, this product will suppress growth and seedhead development of listed turf species in industrial sites.

This product is recommended for management of coarse turf on roadside rights-of-way or other industrial areas. Do not use on high-quality turf or other areas where some turf color changes cannot be tolerated. Slight turf discoloration may occur but turf will regreen and regrow under moist conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Apply 4 to 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a recommended tank mixture. Spray volumes of 10 to 40 gallons per acre are recommended.

This product can be used for growth and seedhead suppression of:

**Tall Fescue/Smooth Brome**

For best results, apply this product in a recommended tank mixture to actively growing turfgrasses after greenup in the spring of the year. For suppression of seedheads, applications must be made before boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Applications made from seedhead emergence until maturity may result in turf discoloration or injury.

After mowing or removal of seedheads, this product in a recommended tank mixture may also be used to suppress the growth of certain turfgrasses. Allow turf to recover from stress caused by heat, drought or mowing before making applications. Applications made to turf under stress may increase the potential for discoloration or injury.

**ANNUAL GRASSES**

For growth suppression of some annual grasses such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats, apply 3 to 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments made after seedhead emergence may cause injury to the desired grasses.

**TANK MIXTURES**

For the following tank mixtures, consult each product label for "WEEDS CONTROLLED" and the correct stage of application. Do not treat turf under stress.

**Tank mixtures plus 2,4-D Amine**

For additional weed control benefits, up to 1 pound a.i. per acre of 2,4-D amine may be added to the following tank mixtures. Consult the label for 2,4-D amine for "WEEDS CONTROLLED."

**TALL FESCUE**

**Riverdale Razor Pro plus Telar®**

For suppression of tall fescue growth and seedheads, and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.5 ounce of Telar per acre.

This tank mixture can also be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression. Make only one of the above applications per growing season.

**Riverdale Razor Pro plus Oust®**

For suppression of tall fescue growth and seedheads, and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.25 ounce of Oust per acre.



**Riverdale Razor Pro plus Escort®**

This tank mixture can be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression and control or partial control of some annual weeds. Use up to 1/3 ounce of Escort per acre.

**SMOOTH BROME**

**Riverdale Razor plus Oust®**

For suppression of smooth brome growth and seedheads and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.25 ounce of Oust per acre.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

**STORAGE:** Store Above 10°F (-12°C) TO KEEP PRODUCTS FROM CRYSTALLIZING. Crystals will settle to the bottom. If allowed to crystallize, place in a warm room 68°F (20°C) for several days to redissolve and shake, roll or agitate to mix well before using.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all label safeguards until container is destroyed.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container. Then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL FOR REFILLABLE CONTAINERS:** Close all openings which have been opened during use and replace all caps. Contact Nufarm Customer Service Department at 1-800-345-3330, to arrange for return of the empty refillable container.

**WARRANTY**

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, expressed or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer and the limit of liability of any such use. The exclusive remedy of user or buyer and the limit of liability of Seller is the purchase price paid for the quantity of product involved. (RV022503A)

- ® Razor and Riverdale are registered trademarks of Nufarm Americas Inc.
- ® Arsenal, Pendulum and Sahara are a registered trademarks of BASF
- ® Oust, Krovar, Escort and Telar are registered trademarks of E.I. duPont de Nemours and Company
- ® Caliber, Endurance, Princep and Vanquish are registered trademarks of a Syngenta Group Co.
- ™ Garlon, Spike and Tordon are trademarks of Dow AgroSciences LLC
- ® Surflan is a registered trademark of United Phosphorous Inc.
- ® Ronstar is a registered trademark of Bayer AG

This product is protected by U.S. Patent No. 4,405,531. Other patents pending. No license granted under any non-U.S. patent(s).